CEPLOY

RPSLng Routing Policy Specification Language next generation

6DEPLOY. IPv6 Deployment and Support



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Prerequisites / Scope

You should have followed previously the modules:

- 010-IPv6 Introduction
- 020-IPv6 Protocol
- 030-IPv6 Addressing
- 100-IPv6 Routing Protocols

This topic is aimed at organizations managing (or planning to manage) their own Autonomous System (an independent network). If your organization doesn't use BGP (or doesn't have future plans about it) you can skip this presentation.

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Agenda

Routing Policy

RPSL

RPSLng

Examples

Conclusion



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RPSLng



Routing Policy

What is a «routing policy»?

- Public description of the relationship between BGP (Border Gateway Protocol) peers
- Routing policies enable route classification for importing and exporting routes
- The goal of routing policies is to control traffic flows
 - The v4 policy may be different from the v6 policy (however, this may not be a best practice)



Routing Policy

Why define a (public) routing policy?

- Documentation
 - Recreate your policy in case of loss of hardware/administrators
- Allows automatic generation of router configurations
- Provides routing security
 - Which routes to accept from each peer?
- Helps in a BGP troubleshooting process



Routing Policy - Example

Reflects the AS' goals

- Which routes to accept from other AS's
- How to manipulate the accepted route
- How to propagate routes through network
- How to manipulate routes before they leave the AS
- Which routes to send to third-party AS's





Routing Policy

Each Autonomous System has its own routing policy towards other Networks

Each policy affects the way the global network (i.e. Internet) behaves

Which means:

- It's very useful to know external policies
- A place to publish them is needed!
- You can automatically configure border routers from that info, if you can rely on the quality of information



RPSL

- **RPSL stands for Routing Policy Specification**
- Language
- Replacement for the language previously
- known as RIPE-181
- A tool to describe Inter-Domain Policies, it affects:
 - People doing Local Internet Registry work
 - People dealing with border routers, BGP, ...

It is used for Internet network management. It is NOT about Internal Routing!



RPSL

Object oriented language

 So ... it has classes used to defined the various objects

Uses RIR database style (whois) objects.

- Each Object is a list of "attribute-value" pairs displayed in plain text.
 - person, maintainer, role
 - route
 - as-set, route-set

• ...



Person Object - Example

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RPSLng is...

RPSL next generation

Yet another easy thing to have in place

• one more item in the check-list ;)

Yet another tool to help IPv6 development in an «orderly» fashion;

Yet another way of showing people IPv6 is not that much complex than IPv4.



RFC4012

Backward Compatibility Changes:

- New dictionary attribute AFI
- New predifined dictionary type
- New protocol dictionary specification
- New policy attributes
- New route6 class
- New attribute in route-set class
- New attribute in filter-set class
- New attribute in peering-set class
- New attribute in inet-rtr class
- New attribute in rtr-set class



RPSL and RPSLng, Some Differences

	IPv4	IPv6	
Networks	inetnum	inet6num	
Routes	route	route6	
Policies (aut-num)	import export	mp-import mp-export	



Evolution...

RIPE/NCC and APNIC already have a RPSLng compliant Whois service.

• Other RIRs (ARIN, AFRINIC, LACNIC) will follow.

LIR admins are rewriting <u>their own</u> routing policies, to include:

- IPv4 Unicast;
- IPv4 Multicast;
- IPv6 Unicast;
- IPv6 Multicast (very, very few)



Route6

route6: 2001:0760::/32 descr: GARR-IPv6 origin: AS137 mnt-by: GARR-LIR ...

Peering-set

peering-set: prng-ebgp-peers
descr: TopneT IPv6 ebgp peers
...
mp-peering: AS12533 2001:15A8:A:1:FFFF:FFFF:2 at 2001:15A8:A:1:FFFF:FFFF:3
mp-peering: AS5609 3FFE:1001:1:F036::1 at 3FFE:1001:1:F036::2

mp-peering: AS5602 2001:15A8:A:1:FFFF:FFFF:5 at 2001:15A8:A:1:FFFF:FFFF:4

mp-peering: AS6939 2001:470:1F01:FFFF::224 at 2001:470:1F01:FFFF::225

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Aut-Num

aut-num:	AS1853
as-name:	ACOnet
descr:	ACOnet Backbone
descr:	AT
remarks:	
remarks:	#upstream: Sprint.net
import:	from AS1239 action pref=100; accept ANY
export:	to AS1239 announce AS-ACONET AND AS-SANET
mp-import:	afi ipv6.unicast from AS6175 accept ANY
mp-export:	afi ipv6.unicast to AS6175 announce AS-ACONET-V6
remarks:	#upstream: GEANT.net
import:	from AS20965 action pref=100; accept ANY
export:	to AS20965 announce AS-ACONET AND AS-UNREN AND AS-ACOSERV
mp-import:	afi ipv6.unicast from AS20965 accept ANY
mp-export:	afi ipv6.unicast to AS20965 announce AS-ACONET-V6
remarks:	



Inet-rtr

inet-rtr: BR1.mucl.baycix.net local-as: AS12657 ifaddr: 212.72.95.1 masklen 32 interface: 2001:1578:0:FFFF::1 masklen 128 interface: 2001:1578:0:FF::1 masklen 112 peer: BGP4 212.72.95.3 asno(AS12657) peer: BGP4 212.72.72.197 asno(AS29317) mp-peer: MPBGP 2001:1578:0:FFFF::2 asno(AS12657) ...

Route-set

route-set: AS29670:RS-IN-BERLIN descr: Individual Network Berlin e.V. org: ORG-INBE1-RIPE mp-members: 192.109.21.0/24 mp-members: 217.197.80.0/20 **mp-members:** 2001:bf0:c000::/35

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Filter-set

filter-set: AS12817:fltr-BOGONS Generic IPv4/IPv6 Prefix & AS filter descr: **mp-filter:** { 10.0.0/8^+, $127.0.0/8^{+}$ $169.254.0.0/16^{+}$ $192.168.0.0/16^{+}$ 0.0.0/0^25-32 } AND { 2001:db8::/32^+, 0000::/8^+, fe00::/9^+, ff00::/8^+, $0::/0^49-128$ } AND <[AS64512-AS65534]>

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Example – AS *A* Policy

- aut-num: AS 64600
- as-name: AS A

descr: This is AS A

- mp-import: afi ipv4.unicast,ipv6.unicast from AS64700 action pref=106; accept ANY;
- mp-export: afi ipv4.unicast, ipv6.unicast to AS64700 announce AS-A;

AS A

AS 64600



Example – AS *D***Policy**

AS D AS 64900

aut-num:	AS64900

- AS D as-name: This is AS D
- descr:
- afi ipv4.unicast, ipv4.multicast, ipv6.unicast from AS64700 mp-import: action pref=106;
 - accept ANY;
- afi ipv6.multicast from AS64800 mp-import: action pref=110; accept AS-C
- afi ipv4.unicast, ipv4.multicast, ipv6.unicast to AS64700 mp-export: announce AS-D;
- afi ipv6.multicast to AS64800 announce AS-D mp-export:



Example – AS C Policy

AS C AS 64800

aut-num:	AS64800
	10000

as-name: AS C

descr:

AS C, This is AS C

import: from AS64700 action pref=106; accept ANY

- mp-import: afi ipv4.multicast,ipv6.unicast from AS64700 action pref=106; accept ANY;
- **mp-import:** afi ipv6.multicast from AS D action pref=110; accept AS D export: to AS64700 announce AS C
- mp-export: afi ipv4.multicast, ipv6.unicast to AS64700 announce AS C;
- mp-export: afi ipv6.multicast to AS64900 announce AS C

AS **B**



Example – AS *B***Policy**

aut-num:	AS64700	6	AS 64700
as-name:	AS B		\neg
descr:	AS B, This is AS	В	\sim
import:	from AS64800	action pref=106; accept AS-C;	
import:	from AS64900	action pref=106; accept AS-D;	
import:	from AS64800	action pref=106; accept AS-A;	
mp-import:	afi ipv4.multica	ast,ipv6.unicast from AS64800	action pref=106;
	accept AS-C;		
mp-import:	afi ipv4.multica	ast,ipv6.unicast from AS64900	action pref=106;
	accept AS-D;		
mp-import:	afi ipv6.unicas	t from AS64600 action pref=10	6; accept AS-A;
export:	to AS64800	announce ANY;	
export:	to AS64900	announce ANY;	
export:	to AS64600	announce ANY; 🛛 🔘	
mp-export:	afi ipv4.multica	ast,ipv6.unicast to AS64800 an	nounce ANY;
mp-export:	afi ipv4.multica	ast,ipv6.unicast to AS64900 an	nounce ANY;
mp-export:	afi ipv6.unicas	t to AS64600 announce ANY	
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RPSLng Tools

RIPE's RPSLng Registry

- IPv4 address -> inetnum, route, inet-rtr
- IPv6 address -> inet6num, route6, inet-rtr
- Inverse queries for aut-num -> route + route6
- Production Routing Policies

IRRToolSet

- Suite of policy analysis tools
- Possible usage: Updating BGP routing configurations
- Produce Cisco & Juniper configuration
- Managed by ISC: ftp://ftp.isc.org/isc/IRRToolSet/



Conclusions

RPSL is needed to coordinate global IPv4 routing policies. RPSLng is needed for the same purpose, but for IPv6.

It's rather simple, and someone already dealing with RPSL will easily start to use RPSLng when starting to route IPv6 packets.

IRRToolSet implementation still in progress.



Questions?



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Extra Slides





RPSLng Tools

WHOISd

- Free
- ftp://ftp.ripe.net/ripe/dbase/software
- Managed by RIPE

IRRd

- Free
- http://www.irrd.net
- Managed by MERIT

