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IPv6 Support in the DNS

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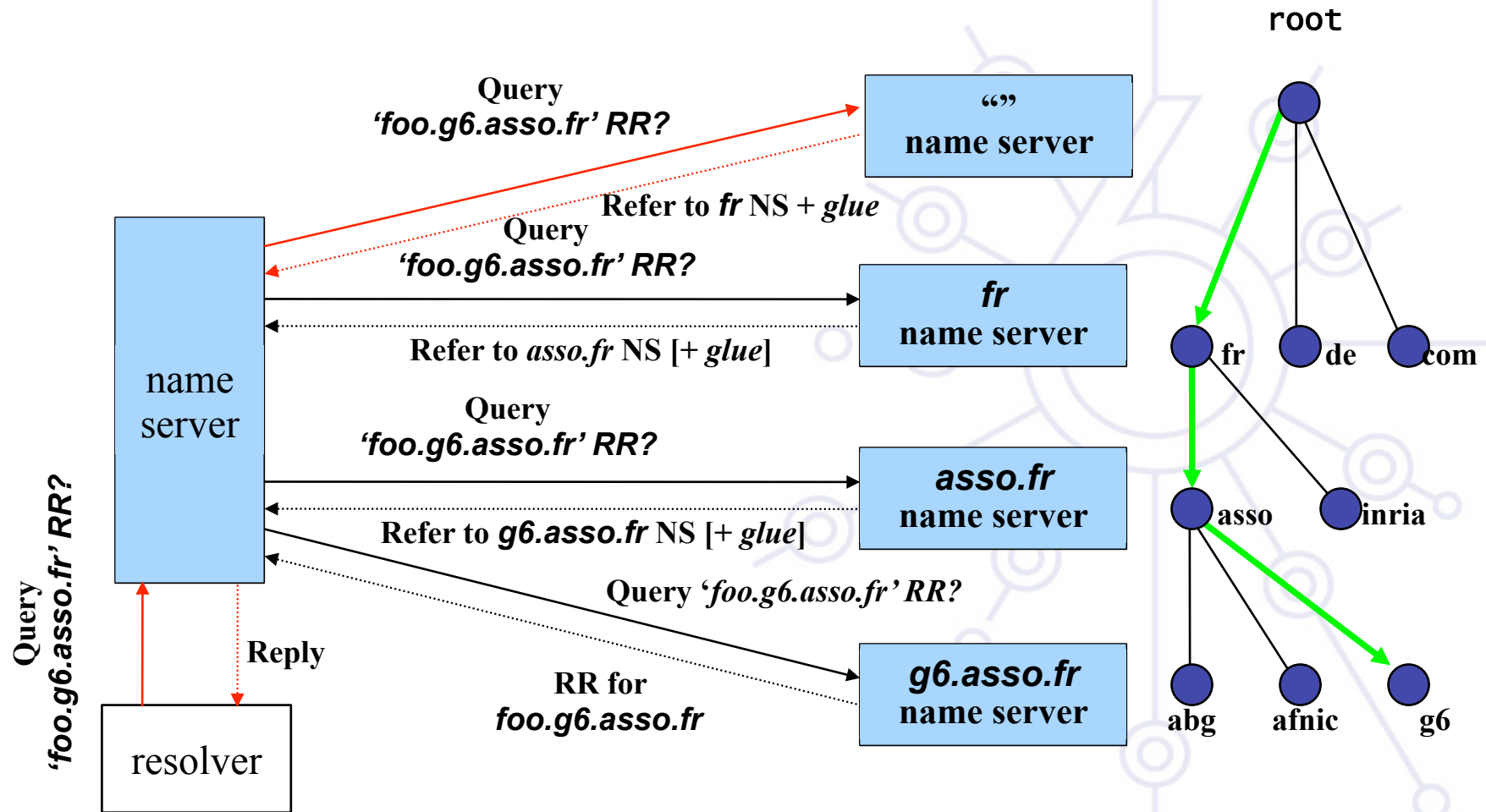
Agenda

- How important is the DNS?
- DNS Resource Lookup
- DNS Extensions for IPv6
- Lookups in an IPv6-aware DNS Tree
- About Required IPv6 Glue in DNS Zones
- The Two Approaches to the DNS
- DNS IPv6-capable software
- IPv6 DNS and root servers
- DNSv6 Operational Requirements & Recommendations

How important is the DNS?

- Getting the IP address of the remote endpoint is necessary for every communication between TCP/IP applications
- Humans are unable to memorize millions of IP addresses (specially IPv6 addresses)
- To a larger extent : the Domain Name System provides applications with several types of resources (domain name servers, mail exchangers, reverse lookups, ...)
- They need
 - Hierarchy
 - Distribution
 - Redundancy

DNS Lookup



DNS Extensions for IPv6

RFC 1886 → **RFC 3596**

AAAA : forward lookup ('Name → IPv6 Address'):

Equivalent to 'A' record

Example:

| | | | |
|-------------|----|-------------|----------------------|
| ns3.nic.fr. | IN | A | 192.134.0.49 |
| | IN | AAAA | 2001:660:3006:1::1:1 |

PTR : reverse lookup ('IPv6 Address → Name'):

Reverse tree equivalent to in-addr.arpa

Main tree: [ip6.arpa](#)

Former tree: ip6.int (deprecated)

Example:

```
$ORIGIN 1.0.0.0.6.0.0.3.0.6.6.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa.  
1.0.0.0.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 PTR ns3.nic.fr.
```


About Required IPv6 Glue in DNS Zones

When the DNS zone is delegated to a DNS server (among others) contained in the zone itself

Example: In zone file rennes.enst-bretagne.fr

```
@           IN           SOA           rsm.rennes.enst-bretagne.fr. fradin.rennes.enst-bretagne.fr.
              (2005040201 ;serial
              86400 ;refresh
              3600 ;retry
              3600000 ;expire}

              IN           NS           rsm
              IN           NS           univers.enst-bretagne.fr.

[...]
ipv6         IN           NS           rhadamanthe.ipv6
              IN           NS           ns3.nic.fr.
              IN           NS           rsm
;
rhadamanthe.ipv6      IN           A           192.108.119.134
                    IN           AAAA        2001:660:7301:1::1

[...]
```

IPv4 "glue" (A 192.108.119.134) is required to reach rhadamanthe over IPv4 transport
IPv6 "glue" (AAAA 2001:660:7301:1::1) is required to reach rhadamanthe over IPv6 transport

IPv6 DNS and root servers

DNS root servers are critical resources

- **13 roots** « around » the world (#10 in the US)
 - As of June 2011, 9 root servers are IPv6 enabled and reachable via IPv6 networks, e.g. **A, D, F, H, I, J, K, L M**
 - <http://www.root-servers.org/>
 - 102 out of 252 country code TLD (ccTLDs) with at least one IPv6 enabled DNS server) – April 2008
- Need for mirror-like function for the root name servers
 - To be installed in other locations (EU, Asia, Africa, ...)

```
A.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 198.41.0.4
A.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:503:BA3E::2:30
;
. 3600000 NS D.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
D.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 128.8.10.90
D.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:500:2D::D
;
. 3600000 NS F.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
F.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 192.5.5.241
F.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:500:2F::F
;
. 3600000 NS H.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
H.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 128.63.2.53
H.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:500:1::803F:235
;
. 3600000 NS I.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
I.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 192.36.148.17
I.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:7FE::53
;
. 3600000 NS J.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
J.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 192.58.128.30
J.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:503:C27::2:30
;
. 3600000 NS K.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
K.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 193.0.14.129
K.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:7FD::1
;
. 3600000 NS L.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
L.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 199.7.83.42
L.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:500:3::42
;
. 3600000 NS M.ROOT-SERVERS.NET.
M.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 A 202.12.27.33
M.ROOT-SERVERS.NET. 3600000 AAAA 2001:DC3::35
```



IPv6 DNS and root servers / 2

New technique : anycast DNS server

- To build a clone from the primary master
- Containing the same information (files)
- Using the same IP address(es)

Such anycast servers have proved a successful strategy and a lot of them are already installed :

- F root server: Ottawa, Paris(Renater), Hongkong, Lisbon (FCCN)...
- M root server: Tokyo, Paris (Renater), Seoul
- Look at <http://www.root-servers.org> for the complete and updated list.

The Two Approaches to the DNS

The DNS seen as a database

- Stores different types of Resource Records (RRs)
 - SOA, NS, A, AAAA, MX, PTR, ...

⇒ DNS data is independent of the IP version (v4/v6)
the DNS server is running on

The DNS seen as a TCP/IP application

- The service is accessible in either transport modes (UDP/TCP)
- and over either IP versions (v4/v6)

⇒ Information given over both IP versions must be consistent

DNS IPv6-capable software (1)

BIND (Resolver & Server)

- <http://www.isc.org/products/BIND/>
- BIND 9 (avoid older versions)



On Unix distributions

- Resolver Library (+ (adapted) BIND)

Name Server Daemon (NSD) authoritative server only

- <http://www.nlnetlabs.nl/nsd/>

DNS IPv6-capable software (2)

Microsoft Windows (Resolver & Server)

- It has been reported that Windows XP resolver cannot interact with DNS servers over an IPv6 transport.
- It needs an IPv4 network to query a DNS server.
=> This is no more an issue for Windows Vista users.

Microsoft Windows XP default resolver only queries over IPv4 transport:

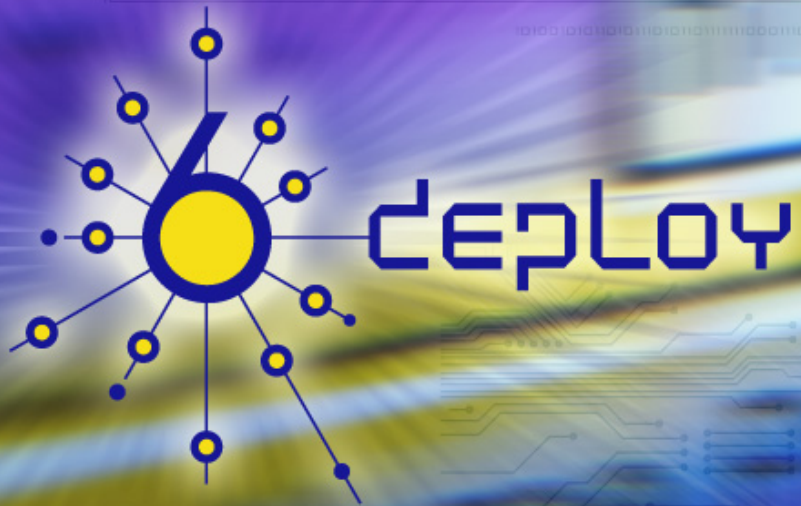
- Install BIND 9 for Windows XP and uses BINDs resolver; or
- Have a local dual stack DNS server.
 - Via DHCP, assign IPv4 address
 - advertise the DNS server IPv4 address to XP users.

DNSv6 Operational Requirements & Recommendations

The target today is not the transition from an IPv4-only to an IPv6-only environment

How to get there?

- Start by testing DNSv6 on a small network and get your own conclusion that DNSv6 is harmless, **but remember:**
 - **The server (host) must support IPv6**
 - **And DNS server software must support IPv6**
- Deploy DNSv6 in an incremental fashion on existing networks
- **DO NOT BREAK** something that works fine (production IPv4 DNS)!



Questions?

Some Global Statistics

Global IPv6 Progress Report

(<http://bgp.he.net/ipv6-progress-report.cgi>)

| TLD | domains | A | AAAA | A-glue | AAAA-glue |
|------|----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| com | 95689170 | 85595028 | 678915 | 1847135 | 1744 |
| net | 13987112 | 11976420 | 140170 | 419545 | 2163 |
| de | 13155766 | 11091346 | 1747046 | 398186 | 114 |
| org | 9248100 | 8111565 | 87137 | 281685 | 1118 |
| info | 7865497 | 6457222 | 86635 | 370153 | 476 |
| biz | 2102578 | 1775952 | 29656 | 21887 | 43 |
| us | 1680259 | 1460301 | 5091 | 15555 | 80 |
| ca | 1420247 | 1074210 | 2548 | 16053 | 17 |
| mobi | 1018228 | 791295 | 8306 | 4825 | 54 |